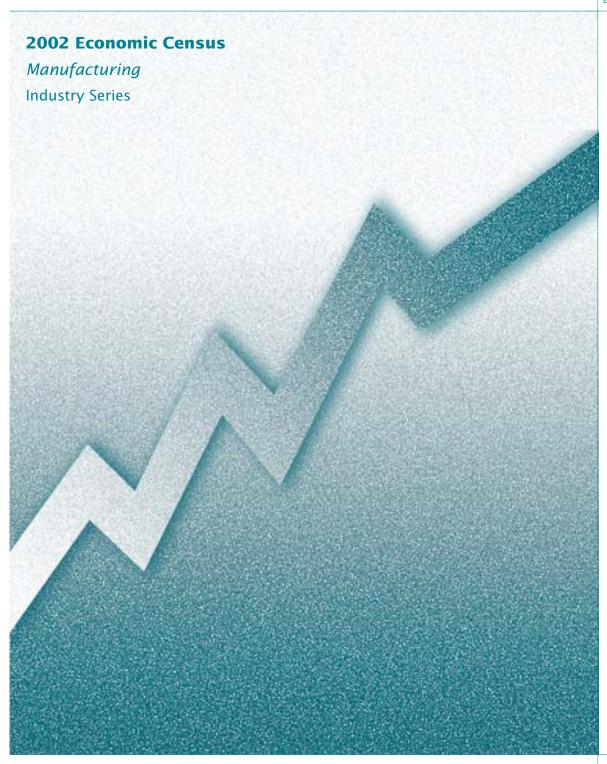
# Women's Handbag and Purse Manufacturing: 2002

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-- Not applicable for this report.

#### Table 1. Historical Statistics for the Industry: 2002 and Earlier Years

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

					Pro	duction work	kers		Total	Total	Total capital
Industry and year <sup>1</sup>	Com- panies <sup>2</sup>		Number <sup>4</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>4</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	materials	shipments	expendi- tures (\$1,000)
316992, Women's handbag and purse											
manufacturing	98	98	1 447	33 010	1 174	2 085	21 912	71 480	49 493	120 462	r2 062
2001	N	N	2 109	42 281	1 668	2 839	25 742	79 575	66 173	143 457	1 870
2000	N	N	2 302	64 664	1 642	2 797	28 414	143 095	107 384	246 858	1 943
1999	N	N	2 623	68 863	1 887	3 610	31 667	132 432	94 356	225 851	2 361
1998	N	N	3 651	80 588	2 732	5 143	45 680	162 349	95 761	258 412	1 274
1997	136	137	3 492	78 998	2 726	5 380	46 073	162 276	126 201	287 341	4 415

¹Statistics presented for years ending in 2 and 7 are census data. Interim census years are derived in a representative sample of manufacturing establishments canvassed in the Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM).

²For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.

³Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

⁴Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 2. Industry Statistics for Selected States: 2002

[States that are a disclosure or with less than 100 employees are not shown. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, explanation of terms, and geographical definitions, see note at end of table. For information on geographic areas followed by \*, see Appendix D. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry and geographic area		All establishments <sup>2</sup>		All employees		Production workers						
		Total	With 20 em- ploy- ees or more	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	materials	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	tures
316992, Women's handbag and purse manufacturing												
United StatesCaliforniaNew York	2 3 1	98 16 26	12 4 2	1 447 672 236	33 010 14 821 4 222	1 174 577 166	2 085 980 302	21 912 11 083 3 237	71 480 31 080 11 175	49 493 21 490 8 268	120 462 52 957 19 441	r2 062 r1 616 r56

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C. For geographical definitions, see Appendix D.

## Table 3. Detailed Statistics by Industry: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). For information on confidentiality protection, sampling error, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Item	Value
316992, Women's handbag and purse manufacturing	
Companies <sup>1</sup> number	98
All establishments <sup>2</sup>	98 86 9 3
All employees³       number.         Total compensation       \$1,000.         Annual payroll       \$1,000.         Total fringe benefits       \$1,000.	1 447 37 698 33 010 4 688
Production workers, average for year	1 174 1 177 1 179 1 170 1 167
Production worker hours	2 085 21 912
Total cost of materials       \$1,000         Materials, parts, containers, packaging, etc., used       \$1,000         Resales       \$1,000         Purchased fuels       \$1,000         Purchased electricity       \$1,000         Contract work       \$1,000	49 493 41 784 1 319 101 680 5 609
Quantity of electricity purchased for heat and power	7 835 -
Total value of shipments         \$1,000.           Primary products value of shipments         \$1,000.           Secondary products value of shipments         \$1,000.           Total miscellaneous receipts         \$1,000.           Value of resales         \$1,000.           Contract receipts         \$1,000.           Other miscellaneous receipts         \$1,000.	120 462 96 042 19 784 4 636 1 319 D
Primary products specialization ratio percent. Value of primary products shipments made in all industries \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in this industry \$1,000. Value of primary products shipments made in other industries \$1,000.	83 193 106 96 042 97 064
Coverage ratiopercent	50
Value added\$1,000	71 480
Total inventories, beginning of year \$1,000. Finished goods inventories \$1,000. Work-in-process inventories \$1,000. Materials and supplies inventories \$1,000.	24 253 8 684 2 889 12 680
Total inventories, end of year         \$1,000           Finished goods inventories         \$1,000           Work-in-process inventories         \$1,000           Materials and supplies inventories         \$1,000	24 630 9 147 2 937 12 546
Gross value of depreciable assets (acquisition costs) at beginning of year \$1,000 .  Total capital expenditures (new and used) \$1,000 .  Buildings and other structures (new and used) \$1,000 .  Machinery and equipment (new and used) \$1,000 .  Automobiles, trucks, etc., for highway use \$1,000 .  Computers and peripheral data processing equipment \$1,000 .  All other expenditures for machinery and equipment \$1,000 .  Total retirements \$1,000 .  Gross value of depreciable assets at end of year \$1,000 .	'23 202 '2 062 '299 '1 763 '14 '176 '1 573 '313 '24 951
Depreciation charges during year\$1,000	<sup>r</sup> 1 554
Total rental payments \$1,000 .  Buildings and other structures \$1,000 .  Machinery and equipment \$1,000 .	1 914 1 215 699
Total other expenses <sup>4</sup>	614 35 52 29 D 83 D D D D D D

<sup>1</sup>For the census, a company is defined as a business organization consisting of one establishment or more under common ownership or control.
2Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.
3Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.
4Based on 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) sample data.
5A response coverage ratio is derived for this item by calculating the ratio of the weighted employment (establishment data multiplied by sample weight) for those Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM) establishments that reported to the weighted total employment for all ASM establishments classified in this industry.

Note 1: The amounts shown for other expenses reflect only those services that establishments purchase from other companies.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census and the 2002 Annual Survey of Manufactures (ASM). To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain sampling errors and nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 4. Industry Statistics by Employment Size: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Employment size class			All emp	oloyees	Pr	roduction worke	ers		Total	Tatal	Total capital	
		All estab- lish- ments <sup>2</sup>	Number <sup>3</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>3</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	Total value of shipments (\$1,000)	expendi- tures (\$1,000)	
316992, Women's handbag and purse manufacturing												
All establishments  Establishments with —  1 to 4 employees 5 to 9 employees 10 to 19 employees 20 to 49 employees 5 to 99 employees 5 to 99 employees 50 to 999 employees 500 to 999 employees 500 to 999 employees 1,000 to 2,499 employees 2,500 employees or more	2 7 4 - 4 - -	98 75 7 4 6 3 2 1 -	1 447 125 46 59 209 190 e e - -	33 010 3 428 1 277 1 232 5 507 5 685 D D -	1 174 91 37 45 176 129 D D - -	2 085 137 65 92 338 239 D D	21 912 1 482 527 632 3 796 2 055 D D	71 480 7 388 2 590 2 245 10 725 17 842 D D	49 493 5 173 1 677 1 809 5 676 10 555 D D	120 462 12 608 4 262 4 059 16 665 28 227 D D	'2 062 '60 '176 '21 '67 D D D	
Administrative records <sup>4</sup>	6	73	151	3 936	112	179	1 697	7 267	4 930	12 193	<sup>r</sup> 65	

¹Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. This technique was also used for a small number of other establishments whose reports were not received at the time data were tabulated. The following symbols are shown where estimated data account for 10 percent or more of the figures shown: 1–10 to 19 percent; 2–20 to 29 percent; 3–30 to 39 percent; 4–40 to 49 percent; 5–50 to 59 percent; 6–60 to 69 percent; 7–70 to 79 percent; 8–80 to 89 percent; 9–90 percent or more.

¹Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

⁴Some payroll and sales data for small single-establishment companies with up to 20 employees (cutoff varied by industry) were obtained from administrative records of other government agencies rather than from census report forms. These data were then used in conjunction with industry averages to estimate statistics for these small establishments. Data are also included in respective size classes shown.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

# Table 5. Industry Statistics by Primary Product Class Specialization: 2002

[Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Industry or product class code	Industry or primary product class	All	All employees		Pı	oduction work	ers		Total	Total	Total capital
		estab- lish- ments <sup>1</sup>	Number <sup>2</sup>	Payroll (\$1,000)	Number <sup>2</sup>	Hours (1,000)	Wages (\$1,000)	Value added (\$1,000)	cost of materials (\$1,000)	value of shipments (\$1,000)	expendi- tures (\$1,000)
316992	Women's handbag and purse manufacturing	98	1 447	33 010	1 174	2 085	21 912	71 480	49 493	120 462	<sup>r</sup> 2 062
3169920	Women's and children's handbags and purses	98	1 447	33 010	1 174	2 085	21 912	71 480	49 493	120 462	r2 062

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup>Includes establishments with payroll at any time during the year.

<sup>2</sup>Number of employees figures represent average number of production workers for pay period that includes the 12th of March, May, August, and November plus other employees for payroll period that includes the 12th of March.

Note: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

#### Table 6a. Products Statistics: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and value of products of this industry produced by (1) establishments classified in this industry (primary) and (2) establishments classified in other industries (secondary). Transfers of products of this industry from one establishment of a company to another establishment of the same company (interplant transfers) are also included. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

		Number of		Product shipments		
Product code	Product	companies with shipments of \$100,000 or more	Quantity of production for all purposes	Quantity	Value (\$1,000)	
316992	Women's handbag and purse manufacturing	N N	X	X	193 106 250 951	
3169920	Women's and children's handbags and purses	N	X	X	193 106 250 951	
31699201	Women's and children's handbags and purses including leather, plastic, and vinyl (except precious metal)	N N	X	X	183 365 213 671	
3169920111	Women's and children's handbags and purses, outer surface of all leather or mostly leather	24 36	X	P3 428.2 9 757.0	121 717 158 360	
3169920121	Women's and children's handbags and purses, outer surface of all plastics or mostly plastics (including vinyl)	7	X	\$ 737.3 \$ 2 377.3	6 487 21 099	
3169920131	Women's and children's handbags and purses, outer surface of all other materials, except precious metals	14	X	P3 083.1	55 161	
3169920Y	Women's and children's handbags and purses, nsk, total	N N	X X Y	2 766.2 X Y	34 212 9 741 37 280	
3169920YWW	Women's and children's handbags and purses, nsk, for nonadministrative-record establishments. 2002.	N N	X	×	3 649 24 322	
3169920YWY	Women's and children's handbags and purses, nsk, for administrative-record establishments	N N	X	X	6 092 12 958	

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.

# Table 6b. Product Class Shipments for Selected States: 2002 and 1997

[Not applicable for this report.]

## Table 7. Materials Consumed by Kind: 2002 and 1997

[Includes quantity and cost of materials consumed or put into production by establishments classified only in this industry. Data based on the 2002 Economic Census. For information on confidentiality protection, nonsampling error, and explanation of terms, see note 2 at end of table. For meaning of abbreviations and symbols, see introductory text]

Material code	Material consumed	Quantity	Delivered cost (\$1,000)
316992	Women's handbag and purse manufacturing		
00900001	Total materials	X	41 784
31161119	1997 Hides, skins, and pelts	X	98 998 D
31611007	All other finished leather	X	D N
31321023	Broadwoven fabrics (piece goods)	X	11 342 4 333
31332001	Fabrics (plastics coated, impregnated, and laminated)	X	4 333 2 120 9 912
32610013	Plastics products consumed in the form of sheets, rods, tubes, film, and other shapes	X	9 912 D 3 065
33251017	Trunk and luggage hardware (including locks)	X	D 1 573
00970099	1997	×	1 573 10 494 62 816
00971000	Materials, ingredients, containers, and supplies, nsk .20021997	X X	9 088 17 299

Note 1: For some establishments, data have been estimated from central unit values that are based on quantity-value relationships of reported data. The following symbols are used when percentage of each quantity figure estimated in this manner equals or exceeds 10 percent of published figure: p-10 to 19 percent estimated; q-20 to 29 percent estimated. If 30 percent or more is estimated, figure is replaced by S.

Note 2: The data in this table are based on the 2002 Economic Census. To maintain confidentiality, the Census Bureau suppresses data to protect the identity of any business or individual. The census results in this table contain nonsampling errors. Data users who create their own estimates using data from American FactFinder tables should cite the Census Bureau as the source of the original data only. For explanation of terms, see Appendix A. For full technical documentation, see Appendix C.